

MICE bimonthly project update #3

1 Introduction

This, the third bimonthly progress report, presents the status of the project at the end of July 2015. The updated project dashboard may be found at <http://micewww.pp.rl.ac.uk/dashboard/>.

2 Schedule

Figure 1 shows the project dashboard and the milestone-slip chart. There was only one milestone in the current reporting period; the completion of the Step IV construction. This milestone is now complete, though commissioning continues.

The completion of the milestone was delayed to complete additional electrical work that was required to improve the robustness of the magnet systems in operation. Significant effort from the electrical team, above that planned, was required to prepare and commission the many electrical systems crucial to the safe operation of the magnet systems and to respond to additional requirements that were identified during commissioning. Many safety critical systems such as the Oxygen Depletion System were installed commissioned and tested during this period.

An additional time pressure arose during the completion of the Partial Return Yoke (PRY). Personnel not associated with the installation of the PRY were excluded from the Hall during the construction activities to minimise the risks to personnel while heavy lifting operations were in progress. This activity reduced the time available to complete electrical works.

All high-pressure-helium lines and supporting structures for the compressors were installed to plan and with no issues. All compressor and cryocooler cold-head pairs were run and terminated and a cleaning cycle was completed for each cold-head. The cleaning process uses a cooling cycle to “freeze” any contaminants introduced during installation of the cold-head. The system was then switched off, the compressor lines disconnected at the cold-head and contaminants vented from the system before refilling it with high purity helium. This process is a pre-requisite for reliable cooling performance during Step IV operations. During this operation a reduced cooling margin was noted on the focus-coil module. The only difference to the system in place in the Hall compared to that which was used during acceptance tests in R9 was that the length of the high-pressure hoses has been increased, preparations have been made to move the focus-coil compressor to allow the original hoses to be used.

The critical path for the construction of the MICE demonstration of ionization cooling is shown in figure 2.

Effort is being directed towards gaining a deeper understanding of the RF aspects of the cooling demonstration and understanding how the construction and commissioning of the systems in the MICE Hall can be advanced. A review of the RF aspects of the project has been set for the 9th and 10th September 2015 at RAL. The review will address all aspects of high-power-RF generation, the RF cavities and the interaction of these systems with each other, the experiment and the beam line will be reviewed.

The milestone-waterfall chart is shown in figure 3. Milestone dates for the tasks required to deliver the demonstration of ionization cooling have not changed since the last report to the MICE Project Board.

3rd August 2015 Update	South side yoke material delivered	South side return yoke installation complete	North side yoke material delivered	Compressors ready for Cooling Channels tests	Rack Room 2 Complete	North side return yoke installation complete	MICE step IV installation complete	Combined magnet operational tests complete	End of Step IV Operations	Partial Return Yoke material arrive at RAL	RF Cavities arrive at RAL	Step IV De-Commissioning complete	RF Amplifier delivered	RF Amplifier 1 ready for electrical commissioning	RF Amplifier 2 ready for electrical commissioning	Installation of PVV South starts	Installation of RF Cavities and Chambers starts	Installation of PVV North complete	Cooling Demonstration complete	Cooling Demonstration commissioning complete	End of data taking in the Cooling Demonstration configuration	
																						Baseline
Dec-14	16/03/15	01/04/15	28/04/15	29/01/15	02/02/15	14/05/15	02/06/15	11/08/15	01/06/16	10/05/16	18/05/16	22/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	14/12/16	19/01/17	01/02/17	24/03/17	02/05/17	31/03/18	
Jan-15	16/03/15	01/04/15	28/04/15	13/02/15	25/02/15	14/05/15	02/06/15	11/08/15	01/06/16	10/05/16	18/05/16	22/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	14/12/16	19/01/17	01/02/17	24/03/17	02/05/17	31/03/18	
Feb-15	16/03/15	01/04/15	28/04/15	13/02/15	27/02/15	14/05/15	02/06/15	11/08/15	01/06/16	10/05/16	18/05/16	22/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	14/12/16	19/01/17	01/02/17	24/03/17	02/05/17	31/03/18	
Mar-15	16/03/15	09/04/15	08/05/15	19/05/15	09/06/15	18/08/15	01/06/16	12/04/16	16/06/16	08/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	30/11/16	25/01/17	17/02/17	31/03/17	09/05/17	31/03/18			
Apr-15	16/03/15	02/04/15	12/05/15			28/05/15	25/06/15	15/09/15	01/06/16	12/04/16	16/06/16	08/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	30/11/16	25/01/17	17/02/17	31/03/17	09/05/17	31/03/18	
May-15			12/05/15			28/05/15	25/06/15	15/09/15	01/06/16	12/04/16	16/06/16	08/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	30/11/16	25/01/17	17/02/17	31/03/17	09/05/17	31/03/18	
Jun-15						06/07/15	06/07/15	23/09/15	01/06/16	12/04/16	16/06/16	08/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	30/11/16	25/01/17	17/02/17	31/03/17	09/05/17	31/03/18	
Jul-15						14/08/15	14/08/15	16/10/15	01/06/16	12/04/16	16/06/16	08/07/16	31/08/16	06/10/16	07/11/16	30/11/16	25/01/17	17/02/17	31/03/17	09/05/17	31/03/18	
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Date	No Change	Date	Reduction	Date	D-1 Month	Date	1-2 Months	Date	2-4 Months	Date	4+ Months	Date	Complete	Date								

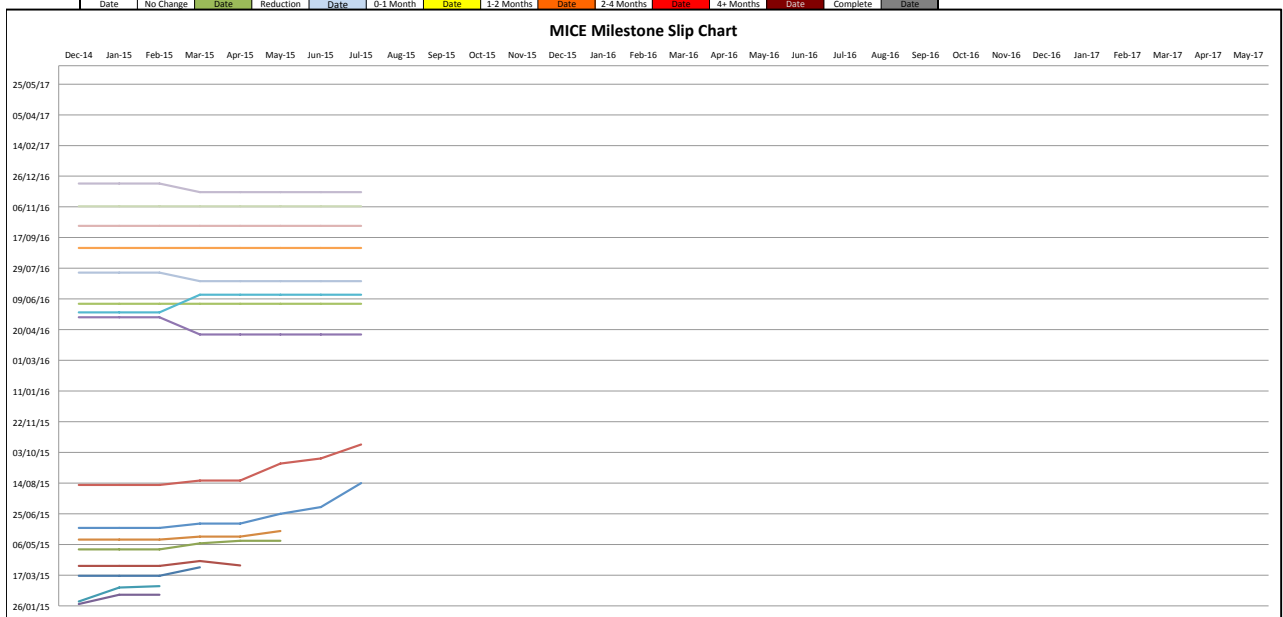


Figure 1: Top: MICE project dashboard: changes in the predicted milestone-completion dates are indicated using the colour code defined in the legend. Completed milestones are shaded grey. Bottom: milestone-slip chart.

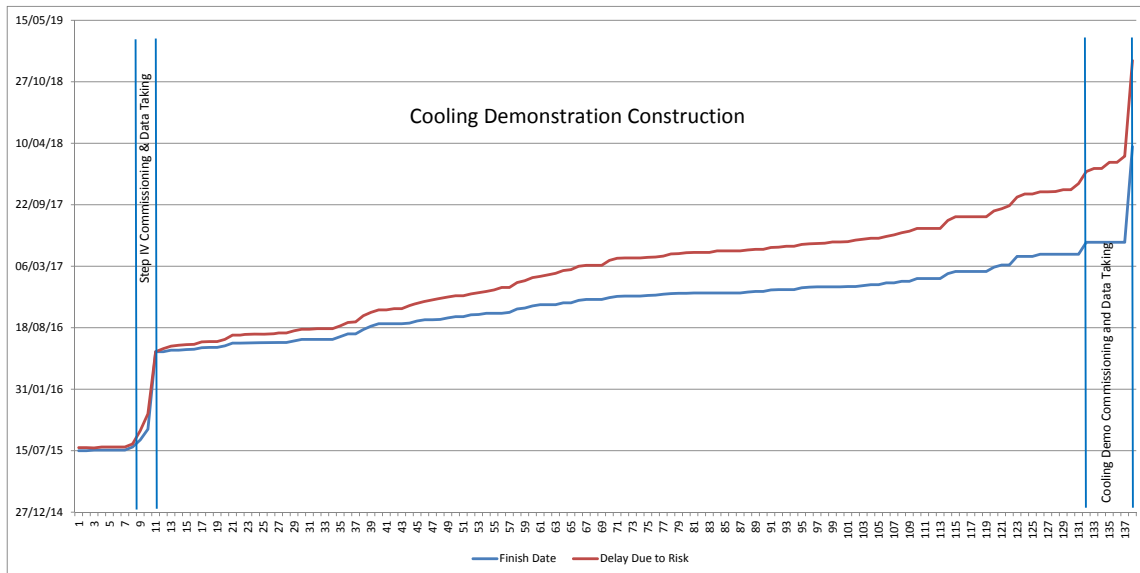


Figure 2: Critical Path to the completion of the MICE project with the implementation of the cooling-demonstration configuration. Commissioning and Data taking periods are included. The vertical lines denote each stage of the project.

3 Commissioning

A significant achievement during the reporting period was gaining permission to operate the magnets at Step IV. Procedures and responsibilities have been discussed and agreed between MICE and ISIS with relevant safety procedures and risk assessments completed and “signed-off”.

Over the past month there has been an enormous effort by the US magnet team. Both spectrometer solenoids achieved good vacuum conditions and were cooled to stable operating temperature. The quench detection systems were verified and both magnets were powered at 10 A. The team were able to start the training of the downstream solenoid and to bring it into stable operation at 100 A for data taking during the night of the 24th July 2015. On Saturday, 25th July 2015, the downstream spectrometer solenoid was powered to 203 A, around two thirds of the operating current of 283 A, before it quenched.

During the night of 24th July 2015 helical tracks were observed for the first time in the downstream tracker; this is a major achievement producing the first data with magnetic field for the collaboration.

ISIS Cycle 2015/01b is now complete and the first data with field has been taken.

During the preparation for training, a problem was identified in SSU which required physical intervention inside the vacuum vessel. The likely cause was identified, the work required to rectify the fault was planned while the magnet system was warmed to room temperature. The work plan was carried out successfully within 1 week of the identification of the problem and the magnet is now being prepared once more for cool-down. Due consideration was given to early detection of similar issues and a robust test-and-monitor procedure has been implemented.

Monitoring of the downstream spectrometer solenoid revealed a power-supply control and stability issue for one of the coils (“M1”). This has been investigated by running the suspect power supply into a short. Initial indications from the tests are that one of the diode packs has a fault. The cause of the instability at high current and the issues related to the control of the M1 power supply continue to be investigated. Partly in remediation of the magnet power-supply control issue, supplementary “magnet-off buttons” are being implemented in the

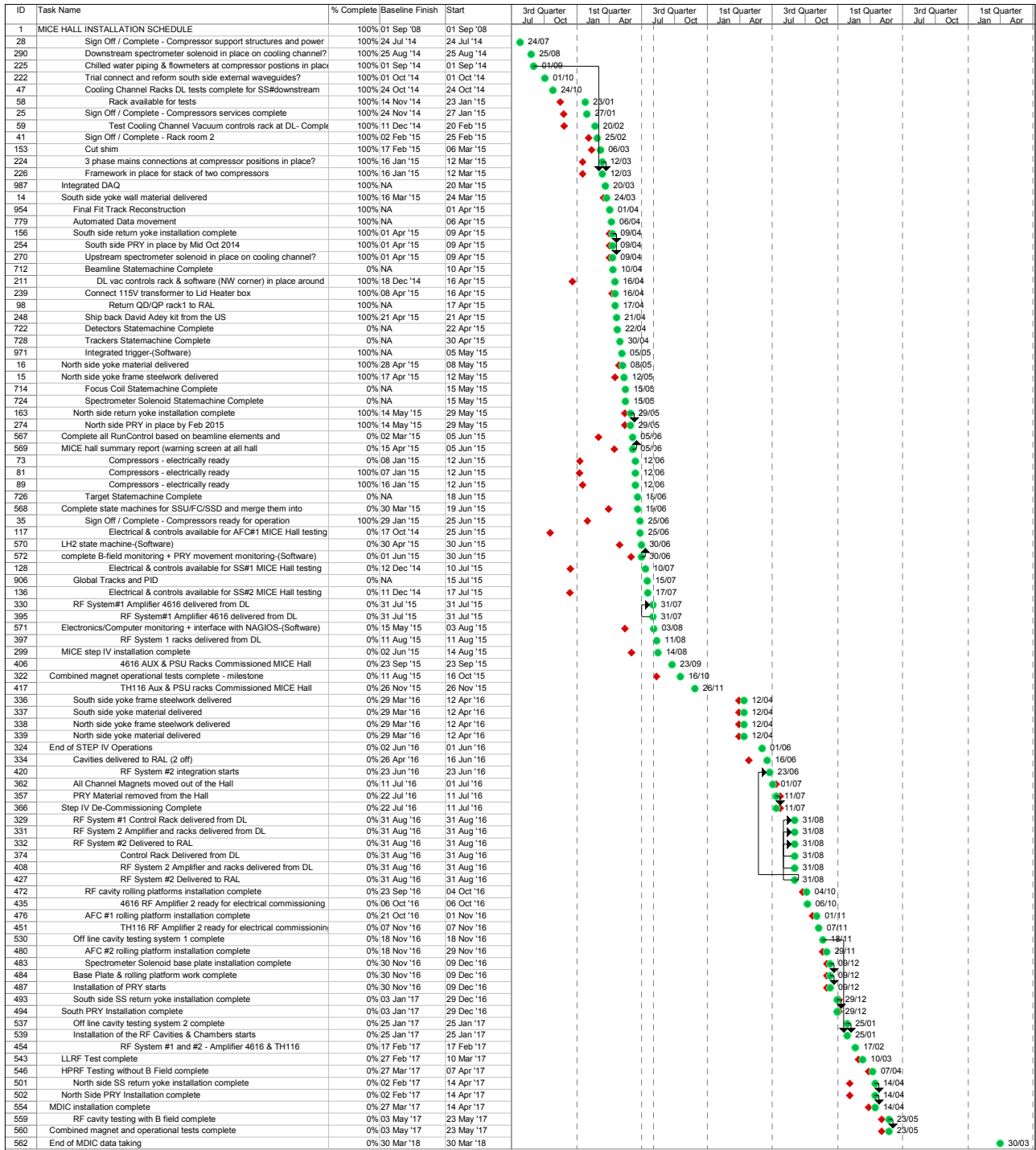


Figure 3: Waterfall chart showing the milestones defined for the MICE project.

Hall and in Rack Room 2. Direct current measurement is also being implemented to deal with such issues should they re-appear in the future.

During one of the periods of SS commissioning, the temperature of the radiation shield in the focus coil was seen to rise by 10 K over a 24-hour period after which it stabilised. Investigations suggest a small vacuum leak may have been the cause. Detailed investigations, which include a search for any connection between the absorber and magnet vacuum spaces, are underway. At present the magnet is being warmed to remove any ice that may have formed on the cold surfaces. In parallel, robust physical protection for all components on the focus coil will be implemented, a requirement now that intensive access to the top of the cooling channel is required during magnet training.

The MICE Hall is currently being prepared for continued magnet training, additional access hardware is being installed following feedback from the magnet teams. The commissioning of the spectrometer solenoids will recommence and the focus-coil commissioning will begin in the second half of August 2015.

The timescales are such that it is likely that a portion of Cycle 2015/02 will be required for magnet training. While this is regrettable, the most important consideration is to optimise our procedures to maximise the efficiency of our expert teams. If we can do this effectively, and support those working over the coming month or so, we will be in a much stronger position to execute our data-taking campaign for Step IV.

4 Data taking and analysis

The focus of the analysis of the data taken during ISIS Cycles 2015/01a and 2015/01b is to determine the mechanical alignment of the experiment and to determine the magnetic axis of the downstream spectrometer. Good progress is being made with both these analyses with first results being discussed within the analysis group. The results of this analysis are required to finalise the design of “bespoke bellows” should they be required to bring the magnetic axes of the superconducting magnets that make up the MICE channel into alignment.

A first full processing of the data is being prepared. This processing will use a consistent set of geometry and calibration constants. The consistent processing will allow the analyses that are presently underway to be advanced using all the data that has been taken.